Financial Statements

Year Ended October 31, 2016

Index to Financial Statements Year Ended October 31, 2016

	Page
REVIEW ENGAGEMENT REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Financial Position	2
Statement of Operations	3
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6 - 7





REVIEW ENGAGEMENT REPORT

To the Directors of Crane Mountain Enhancement Inc.

We have reviewed the statement of financial position of Crane Mountain Enhancement Inc. as at October 31, 2016 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended. Our review was made in accordance with Canadian generally accepted standards for review engagements and, accordingly, consisted primarily of inquiry, analytical procedures and discussion related to information supplied to us by the organization.

A review does not constitute an audit and, consequently, we do not express an audit opinion on these financial statements

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that these financial statements are not, in all material respects, in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not for profit organizations.

Saint John, New Brunswick January 26, 2017

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Teed Saundus Doyle 46.

Statement of Financial Position October 31, 2016

		2016	2015
ASSETS			
CURRENT			
Cash (Notes 2, 3)	\$	38,251	\$ 39,138
Prepaid expenses	-	1,791	1,785
	\$	40,042	\$ 40,923
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
CURRENT			
Accounts payable (Notes 2, 3)	\$	2,316	\$ 5,253
Deferred income (Note 2)		3,965	3,945
		6,281	9,198
NET ASSETS			
Unrestricted		33,761	31,725
	\$	40,042	\$ 40,923

Statement of Operations

Year Ended October 31, 2016

	2016		2015	
REVENUE (Note 2)	<u>\$</u>	23,770	\$ 23,633	
EXPENSES				
Monitoring and consulting fees		14,572	18,381	
Salaries and wages		1,800	1,800	
Insurance		1,450	1,450	
Meetings		1,387	1,644	
Professional fees		1,317	1,317	
Office		640	787	
Advertising and promotion		520	623	
Interest and bank charges		48	46	
School environmental projects		-	1,000	
		21,734	27,048	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	\$	2,036	\$ (3,415)	

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended October 31, 2016

	2016		2015	
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 31,725	\$	35,140	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	 2,036		(3,415)	
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 33,761	\$	31,725	

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended October 31, 2016

		2016		2015	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2.026	A	(2.415)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	<u>\$</u>	2,036	\$	(3,415)	
Changes in non-cash working capital:					
Prepaid expenses		(6)		9	
Accounts payable		(2,937)		(852)	
Deferred income		20		39	
		(2,923)		(804)	
DECREASE IN CASH FLOW		(887)		(4,219)	
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR		39,138		43,357	
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	38,251	\$	39,138	

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended October 31, 2016

(Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Crane Mountain Enhancement Inc. (the "organization") was incorporated by Letters Patent under the New Brunswick Companies Act on October 2, 2000. The organization is a non-profit organization established to monitor the Crane Mountain Sanitary landfill in accordance with the Regional Services Act, the thirteen conditions of the EIA approval, its Letters Patent and the agreement with Fundy Regional Service Commission.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are investments in treasury bills and are valued at cost plus accrued interest. The carrying amounts approximate fair value because they have maturities at the date of purchase of less than ninety days.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased during the year are recorded as an operating expense on the statement of operations and changes in net assets. No provision for amortization is provided for on capital assets. During the year, the organization did not expense any capital assets (2015 - nil).

Revenue Recognition

The operating grant, provided by Fundy Regional Service Commission, is recognized as revenue on an accrual basis over the term of the grant.

All other revenue is recognized when earned.

Contributed Services

Volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Because of the difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Financial Instruments Policy

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in deficiency of revenue over expenses. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

(continues)



Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended October 31, 2016

(Unaudited)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not for profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the organization's risk exposure and concentration as of October 31, 2016.

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The organization is not exposed to credit risk as it does not have customers. The organization's mandate is to monitor the Crane Mountain Sanitary landfill in accordance with the Regional Services Act, the thirteen conditions of the EIA approval, its Letters Patent and the agreement with Fundy Regional Service Commission. Based on this mandate, the organization's sole source of income is an operating grant, provided by Fundy Regional Service Commission.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipt of funds from Fundy Regional Service Commission, accounts payable and other obligations.

Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk to the organization's earnings that arise from fluctuations of foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. The organization is not exposed to foreign currency exchange risk as it does not hold any foreign currency.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the organization manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The organization is not exposed to interest rate risk as it does not hold any floating interest rate debt or investments.

4. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The organization receives an operating grant of \$23,770 (2015 - \$23,633) from Fundy Regional Service Commission, representing 100% (2015 - 100%) of revenue.